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MONARCH.

Fresh Dairy Butter, per lb 15c
Strictly fresh Eggs 121/cc
Simon-pure Leaf Lard, per lb10c (This is the best.)
Michigan Potatoes, per bush70c
Queen Olives, large bottle25c
Best Catsup, per botile 5c and 10c
East India Pickles-something new
and extra fine-quart bottle25c
Fresh crisp Crackers, per lb41/2c

We sell 3-lb. can for 15c.

That green corn can be had, buy our fancy New York Corn, 3 cans for 250; Importers, Jobbers, Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc. really worth 15c per can.

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Brench Breakfast Coffee, per lb 20c Censhed Java-splendid drink 16c Fine Old Rio, fresh roasted 250

Dressed Chicken, per lb......12c Bresh Meat-Best cuts at lowest prices.

Lemons, Oranges, Bananas, Pineapples.

4 ROUTE

TIME CARD—May 26, 1895.

Trains	leave	India	napo	lis l	Unior	Statio	
	NP	1	1		l	l= = l= .	

FOR	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Cleveland and N.Y.		*4:00	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		•6:25	
Union Cy & Dayt'n	*****	4:00		₩:50		
Columbus, O	4:00	6:00		*4:50		****
Cincinnati	11:00	*4:00	0.27220	*3:15	5:30	*6:20
Washington, D. C.	*****	*4:00		****		*6:20
Benton Harbor	*****	6:35	a necessaries		*****	
Wabash	*****	6:35	The second second	*4:50		
Chicago	*12.15		*11:40	*2*22	*****	
Lafayette	*12:15		*11:40	5:00		
St. Louis		*11:40		*****	*11.20	****
Terre Haute		*11:40			*11:20	3:30
Mattoon		*11:40	The second second	3:30	*11:20	****
Peoria		*11:50		*****	*11:25	
Champaign	1:25	*11:50	****	4:50	*11:25	****

Ticket Offices-No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jack-son place, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station. The Knickerbocker Special at *6:25 p. m., does

not stop at Massachusetts avenue. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

H. & D. R. R. Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. Express, daily, except Sunday...... 10:50 a. m. Cincinnati and Dayton Vestibule, daily, 4:00 p. m. Cincinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit Express, dally, except Sunday

ARRIVE INDIANAPOLIS. No. 35, 12:30 a. m.; No. 32, 9:15 a. m.; No. 30, 11:45

B.m.; No. 38, 7:30 p. m.; No. 34, 10:55 p. m.

For further information call at No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station or No. 134 South Illinois street.

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c.30—Chicago Limited, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars, daily...... 11:50 am Arrive Chicago. 5:30 pm. No. 36—Chicago Night Express, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches and Sleepers, daily. 12:35 am Arrive Chicago..... to. 10-Monon Accommodation, daily, except ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS. No. 9-Monon Accommodation, daily, except

r further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachu setts avenue. D. H. PARMELEE, C. T. A. C. H. ADAM, C. P. A.

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ACME MILLING COMPANY, 352 WEST WASHINGTON STREET.

Chicago Officers Got Their Man. CNCINNATI, O., June 7 .- To-night at the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton depot, a deputy sheriff served a writ of habeas corpus for Ed Lally on W. J. Wambasky, and two other officers from Chicago, who had Lally handcuffed and chained on the cars to be taken to Chicago on a criminal charge. They drew revolvers and prevented the deputy from executing the writ and a Cincinnati detective aided them by tearing up the writ. The Chicago officers had a requisition from the Governor of Ohio for their man and they took him to Chicago. The sheriff here regards it a case of con-tempt of court and of kidnaping.

Warmer. This Day Only

We offer actual \$10 and \$12 value Men's Suits at \$7.50 And Boys' \$6, \$7 and \$8 Knee Pants Suits at \$4.85

There's where prices hit bottom and quality stays at the top. Ladies' Shirt Waists—Our new Summer Waists are worth seeing,

CONCERT PROGRAMME to be rendered by the Indianapolis Military Band at the Lawn Fete at the Indianapolis Orphans' Home, ARCH and purchase your corner College and Home avenues, this evening:

Manhattan Beach March...... Sousa | "The Sweetest Story Ever Told." Raymond Overture.....Thomas South.....Brudix

(Song.) Arr. by Rembusch the reed instruments.

delegate Samuel McLannahan, of Balti-

more. Rev. Mr. McLannahan indicated

simularities between Presbyterian and

Lutheran tenets, and in his replying speech

President Baugher, of the synod, was ap-

for the integrity of the Scriptures and glad

that they had oversight of their seminaries.

They were right in saying that Presbyterian

To-night the anniversary of the home mis-

sion board was celebrated, the programme

including addresses by Revs. G. H. Hein-del, D. D., Albany, N. Y.; J. W. Knapp, Richmond, Ind., and S. B. Barnitz, D. D.,

Reformed Church General Synod.

day's session of the Reformed Church Gen-

eral Synod a special committee on Sunday

observance was appointed and a big bundle

special resolution. A resolution was adopt-

ed condemning the atrocities in Armenia

and demanding action by both church and

elected Rev. Egbert Winter, of this city,

professor of theology in the Western Theological Seminary at Holland, Mich.

There were thirty-four candidates. From a

list of eighteen candidates Rev. Wm. H.

De Hart, of Raritan, N. J., was elected State clerk on the fifth ballot. Dr. Geo.

H. Mathews, of London, England, person-

liance of the Reformed churches that hold

ally presented salutations from the al-

to the Presbyterian system. He also pre-

churches in south Africa. Dr. Plummer Bryan, of Chicago, presented the saluta-tion of the General Assembly of Presby-

terian churches of the North, in which

he took occasion to denounce Dr. Briggs.

Reformed Presbyterians.

Reformed Presbyterian Church of America

has elected Rev. J. Milligan Wylie, of this

city, moderator, to succeed Rev. S. C. Mc-

Pheters, of Philadelphia; Rev. C. D. Trum-

bull, of Morning Sun, Ia., clerk, and Rev.

F. M. Foster, of New York city, assistant

taken up with reports of church boards,

M. Patterson, J. Elmendorf and David

etc. A communication from the Rev. Drs.

special committee on the plan of federation

of all the Presbyterian churches, was read.

The communication stated that the United

General Synod of the Dutch Reformed Church in America had adopted the plan of

federation, and that the Cumberland Pres-

byterian Church had referred it to a spe-

cial committee. The committee was con-

Refused to License Evangelists.

ST. LOUIS, June 7.-A refusal to continue

They are members of the First Methodist

have been "touring" the country on evan-

WORDS, BUT NO BLOWS.

lawyers Wise and Boardman Call

Each Other Liars in Court.

NEW YORK, June 7.-A lively scene

took place to-day in the Court of Common

Pleas, presided over by Judge Daly, dur-

ing the trial of a suit of George W. Cornish

tin. John S. Wise, jr., ex-Congressman

from Virginia, counsel for the plaintiff,

has, during the trial, had several tilts with

Albert B. Boardman, and when Mr. Wise

referred to-day to a former action be-

as having been decided in favor of the

latter, Mr. Boardman said that the state-

man, but stopped as Judge Daly pounded

"Cease this unseemly conduct. Remem-

The lawyers apologized to the court and

At the close of court Boardman and Wise

met in the corridor and the former asked

Wise if he had meant what he said when

"Yes, and I repeat it," shouted Wise,

"You are a coward," said Wise, "and

walking away from his angry opponent

who, however, followed and threatened to

Shut your mouth," said Boardman.

"It may be better for you not,"

Wise rushed towards Mr. Board-

"You lie," retorted Mr. Boardman.

Wise resumed his address to the jury,

he called him a blackguard and a liar.

his gavel on the desk and cried:

ment was not true.

blackguard as well."

shouted Mr. Wise.

nize the office of an evangelist.

The forenoon session to-day was

DENVER, Col., June 7 .- The synod of the

President Cleveland.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 7 .- At to-

pulpits were for Presbyterian ministers.

plauded when he said he was glad the

THE WHEN

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DOMET and MADRAS WORK SHIRTS PLAIN BLUE and FANCY DENIM OVERALLS COTTONADE and COTTON WORSTED PANTS

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Try our Napa Valley Cal. Peaches, put up in heavy syrup. They are worth 20c. MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO (Wholesale Exclusively)

Hunter, of Columbia City, Ind., and from the Presbyterian General Assembly, through

REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE LU-THERAN CHURCH GENERAL SYNOD.

All Obligations Met by the Board Despite the Business Depression-Other Religious Bodies.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., June 7 .- Devotional services at the opening of the second day's business session of the General Lutheran Synod were conducted by Rev. W. E. Simon, of Springfield, O. The entire morning was consumed by the reading of the report of the board of home missions, and the discussion of resolutions commending the home mission work. One of the principal speakers was Mayor Charles A. Schleren, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a delegate from New York and New Jersey Synod, who spoke on the neglected field in large cities, of the limited number of churches of his faith in his city and who recommended the establishment of fifteen missions in the greater New York

"Whilst banks have suspended, manufactures ceased operations, mercantile and industrial enterprises been driven into bankruptcy and thousands of wage earners deprived of the opportunity to secure for themselves and family a livelihood, the board has been able to meet all its obligations with its usual promptness, and that upon work from 8 to 10 per cent. greater than for the preceding biennium. The balance in the hands of the treasurer on the 31st of March, 1893, was \$3,862.13. To this amount was added during the two years 85,230,21, making available for the work of the board \$88,592.34. Your attention is called

"First-By a comparison of the whole amount of receipts of those of the previous piennium, it will be found that there has been an advance of \$7,429.81. Under the cirsumstances, this is a very satisfactory and encouraging showing. which is credited on the apportionment is \$5,074.92 larger than for the preceding two In this amount are included the contributions of the Sunday schools and the Society of Christian Endeavor. While we note this gratifying progress in the growth of

the benevolence of our churches, it must not be forgotten that there is still a deficit on apportionment of over \$20,000 for the two "Third-The Woman's Missionary Society has given to the board the sum of \$10,600.50. This was an increase of \$449.01 over the preceding biennium. By this amount eight missions have been aided, namely, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Council Bluffs, Ia.; Denver, Col. Los Angeles, Sacramento, San Jose, River-side and Oakland, Cal. This splended organization of the active and devoted women of our church, which is scarcely sixteen numerical strength, in benevolent giving, in missionary activity and in enlarging the

scope of its blessed ministry "Throughout the past two years the auxlliary societies, with warm hearts, and busy hands, and open purses, have ministered to the comfort and usefulness of many of our missionaries and their households especially in the Western States. Individual gifts-the amount contributed by individuals and not credited on the apportionmentwas \$1,938.72, which was \$524.72 in excess of the amount given in the former blennium. The amount received from Sunday schools for the two years has been a little over \$21,000, an increase of about \$6,000 over the preceding two years. The missions on the roll during the blennium which, with a few exceptions, received aid for the whole or part of the time since April 1, 1893, numbered 163. They were distributed over the field as follows: As to States-California. Colorado, 5; Connecticut, 1; District of Columbia, 2; Illinois, 9; Indiana, 9; Iowa, 7 Kansas, 16; Kentucky, 2; Maryland, 1; Michigan, 1; Missouri, 1; Nebraska, 18; New lersey, 1; New Mexico, 2; New York, 12; 13; Pennsylvania, 42; Tennessee, 1; West Virginia, 1; Wisconsin, 2; Wyoming, 1. As to Synods-Allegheny, 5; Central Illiois, 3; Central Pennsylvania, 1; California East Ohio, 5; East Pennsylvania, 13. "In order to carry out the work now on hand efficiently and without hindrance, and take up a limited amount of new work that ought not to be declined if possible, will necessitate the expenditure of about \$100,000 during the two years upon which we have entered. The New England States have, within the last few years, come under our notice as a mission field of much importance and of increasing magnitude. The large towns and great cities of the Empire State offer to our General Synod rare opportunities to prosecute the work in them with every prospect of rich success. The city of New York, with its environment of Brooklyn, Jersey City and Newark, presents a field of surpassing importance and of vast proportions. At least a dozen missions should be planted in the midst of the mmense population among which is a large percentage of our own people. More than wice as many missions are located in Pennsylvania as in any other State. If we pass westward in the great belt of States lying

between the Ohio and Mississippi, including Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan,

we find stores of cities and towns that pre-

denial week" was compared with fast days,

Phariseeism and Catholicism. The synod

lecided on an annual apportionment of \$45,-

000 among local synods as the assessment

ciety was adopted.

slap Boardman's face. Boardman then challenged Wise to meet him outside to sent excellent opportunities for engaging much more largely in home mission work settle the matter, but, the offer was not than we have ever been able to do. It is accepted and the angry men were parted said that Michigan alone has 65,000 Lutherthe most of whom are Germans, who are doing very little to retain their chil-Three People Burned in a Car. dren, who are gradually drifting from the church of their fathers, because of their LITTLE ROCK. Ark., June 7 .- The charred ostility to introduction of the English anguage into the services of the churches. A resolution recommending that the Sunday preceding Lutheran Sunday ton, yesterday. The three victims are supapart as home missionary Sunday, and that posed to have been shut in a freight car the week following be "self-denial week," and were burned up before assistance could for the sake of missions, was passed, although it met with adverse comment, "Self-

Insane Man Holds Up a Train. SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 7 .- George W. Hurlbut, an insane man, on his way to Virginia from Kansas, delayed the Memphis for home mission work. The report of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary So-The synod listened to greetings from the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary So-clety, through its president, Mrs. A. V.

PLACED AT THE HEAD OF CLEVE-LAND'S STATE DEPARTMENT.

Judge Judson Harmon, of Cincinnati, a Corporation Lawyer, Appointed Attorney-General.

ONE OF CARLISLE'S FRIENDS

HARMON ALSO RECOMMENDED BY CAMPBELL AND HOADLY.

The New Cabinet Officer Once a Republican, Next a Greelevite and Later a Democrat-An Able Jurist.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- President Cleveland late this afternoon announced the following Cabinet appointments:

For Secretary of State-RICHARD OL-NEY, of Massachusetts. For Attorney-general-JUDSON HAR-MON, of Cincinnati. The announcement of the transfer of Attorney-general Olney to the head of the State Department created no surprise, as it has been well understood for several days that Mr. Olney would succeed to the first place in the Cabinet, made vacant by the death of Secretary Gresham. It is probable that Mr. Olney to-morrow will take the oath as the head of the State Department. The President at one time contemplated other changes in his Cabinet, and a rearrangement of several portfolios. in this connection consideration was given to the transfer of Secretary Smith to the Department of Justice, but this and other transfers were finally abandened, and the President concluded that the simplest plan would be merely to fill the vacancy

caused by Mr. Olney's promotion. The appointment of Judge Judson Harmon, of Cincinnati, as Atorney-general. came in the nature of a surprise. His name had not even been canvassed as among the possibilities. There is the best of authority for the statement that the President had several men under consideration, and the portfolio of Justice might have been had by Mr. James C. Carter, of New York, who was counsel for the government in the Bering sea tribunal and the income tax cases, and Mr. Frederic R. Coudert, of New York, had they been disposed to accept it. Secretary Carlisle knew Judge who first presented his name to Mr. Cleveland. Ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, a supported him, and the President also secured from ex-Governor Hoadly, of Ohio, of resolutions were referred. The work of | who is now living in New York, and whose law partner Harmon was, most favorable After canvassing the situation thoroughly the President offered the portfolio of Justice to Judge Harmon by wire this after-After balloting all afternoon the synod noon, and immediately on receiving a favorable reply announced the appointments.

> The New Attorney-General. CINCINNATI, O., June 7 .- When the appointment of Judge Judson Harmon became known here this afternoon attorneys from the courts and their offices rushed to the office of Harmon, Colston, Goldsmith & Hoadly to congratulate the new Attorneydinner from the bar. Judge Harmon said land to-day and replied to it by wire, but he had no knowledge of his appointment until it was announced in press dispatches. He went to Columbus to-night on professional business, and does not know when he will go to Washington.

Judge Harmon is not only recognized as one of the foremost lawyers and jurists of this State, but also as one of the most popular citizens. He was born near this city, fortynine years ago, has always lived here, and is known by all. His father, Rev. B. F. Harmon, was a Baptist minister, well known throughout the Ohio valley. Judge Harmon graduated at Dennison University, a Baptist institution, at Granville, O., in 1866, and began the practice of law in Cincinnati in 1869. He was a Republican until 1872, when he Greeleyized. As a Democrat he was elected Common Pleas Judge on the Tilden ticket in 1876. He was elected Superior Judge in 1878, re-elected in 1883, and when ex-Governor George Hoadly went to New York, in 1887, Judge Harmon resigned the licenses of H. C. Hart and A. Magan from the bench to become the head of the caused a very animated discussion at the firm of Harmon, Colston, Goldsmith & session of the St. Louis district conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South to- Hoadly, which represents several railroads preachers' licenses for the past three years. | which firm he will continue his connection. When Judge Harmon resigned, in 1887, Governor Foraker appointed Judge William censes at the request of their fellow-members For some time past, however, they Taft, now United States Circuit Judge, and formerly Solicitor-general, to the vacancy. gelical missions and the refusal of their icenses for the coming year was based on | Mrs. Harmon is an accomplished lady, the the position that the church does not recogdaughter of the late Dr. Scobey, of Hamilton. They have three daughters, Mrs. Edman Wright, jr., of Philadelphia, Miss Elizabeth, a recognized society leader, and Marjoria, the youngest of the family, who

is fourteen years old. Judge Harmon Interviewed. COLUMBUS, O., June 7 .- Judge Harmon, the new Attorney-general, arrived in the city to-night with ex-Governor Foraker and Judge Warrington, of Cincinnati, for the purpose of securing, if possible, from the Auditor of State a modification of the Rawlings law taxing beer \$3.50 a barrel in order any one had told me yesterday that I was tween W. E. D. Stokes and E. S. Stokes to be appointed to a Cabinet position I would have thought he was talking 'through his hat.' The last time I saw President Cleveland was in Columbus, at the time of the Thurman banquet, six years ago. This morning I received a letter from Mr. Cleveland asking me if I would accept the posi-tion of Attorney-general. As I did not want to reply without consulting my law partner, Judge Colston, who is in New York, I immediately telegraphed him, and, securing his consent, at 2 o'clock telegraphed President Cleveland that I would accept. I have not received any official notification of my When Judge Warrington, who was present when the reporter called on Judge Harmon at the Hotel Chittenden, remarked that Judge Harmon would leave one of the most lucrative law practices in the State, the latter remarked that the position of Attorney-general was one that would tempt any one who loved his practice. Judge Harmon will probably leave for Washington next

MORE SAILORS NEEDED. Not Enough Jack Tars to Man Our

New War Ships. WASHINGTON, June 7,-It is becoming each day a more serious problem for the Navy Department to man our new ships remains of three persons were found to- with the small number of sailors allowed day in the embers of fourteen freight cars, by law. In recent years there have wrecked on the Iron Mountain, near Benconstant additions to the ships of the new increase in like proportion the number of sailors allowed to man them. modern ship, with its complex machinery and great size, requires more men than period, yet with all of the liberality which route train at Ash Grove a half hour last congress has shown in appropriating money he was captured after he had made a for the construction of new ships, it has failed to grasp the importance of giving very hard fight with the officers. He is

Herbert appealed to the legislative branch of the government to authorize the enlargement of the number of enlisted men by two thousand, pointing to the number of new ships that will be completed and turned over to the navy in the course of a year or two as the basis for his application. The appropriation committees, however, saw fit to cut this number down to one thousand additional men. Now the battle ships Maine, at the New York navy yard, and the Texas, at the Norfolk yard, will be ready to go into commission this this summer. To man these two ships about seven hundred men will be required, and as the Lancaster is also to go into service as a practice ship, three hundred men must be assigned to her. Thus the entire additional one thousand men allowed by Congress will be absorbed. Meanwhile the big battle ships Indiana, Oregon, Iowa and Massachusetts are rapidly approaching completion, and there will be no sailors to place on them unless the department shall put out of commission some other ships and transfer their crews to the new vessels. There are already lying at the Mare island navy yard several war ships that the department could put to good service if they could be manned, and it is said that many of the ships now in commission are manned with crews far below their natural quota, thus imposing unduly heavy tasks on the few men employed and tending to foment discontent among them. It it probable that when Congress meets again the Secretary of the Navy will be obliged to make a prompt appeal for more men or to allow our war ships to remain idly tied up at their docks when they are needed for foreign service.

AN UNFORTUNATE OFFICER. The Case of Commander J. M. Quack-

enbush, of the Navy. WASHINGTON, June 7.- The application of John M. Quackenbush, late commander mus to compel Secretary Herbert to restore | prisonment and a fine of \$1,000. his name to the rolls of the navy, came up in the District Court to-day, the question at issue being whether a rule should issue requiring Secretary Herbert to show cause why the mandamus should not be granted. Quackenbush was tried by court-martial and sentenced to dismissal from the navy, but his sentence was commuted by the President to suspension for six years. Be-fore the expiration of this time the officer next below him in rank was promoted into his place and later Secretary Chandler removed his name from the rolls. Quackenbush applied repeatedly to Congress for reinstatement and several times nearly succeeded in his efforts.

In discussing the case Justice Bradley no jurisdiction, the only remedy lying with Congress. He continued: "The case, ever, is one to excite the sympathy of any unprejudiced person. The record shows that or Secretary of Navy to dismiss Quackenbush and that he was dismissed accidentby the promotion of another officer to his place. He could have been restored at any time by recommendation to Congress, made by the President or Decretary and the delay in doing this reflects on the holders of these places. Simple justice demands his restoration, and, if it is possible, I will grant the mandamus. I fear, however, that I must decide that the court has no juris-

Prison-Made Dolls.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- Consul Stephan, Harmon personally, and both admired and at Annanberg, Germany, writes the State respected his ability. It was he, probably, Department that it is reported that the manufacture of dolls has been introduced in the prison for men at Untermaasfeld and is close friend of Judge Harmon, also warmly being worked by J. G. Reinhenbach, of into the United States so much cheaper than they can be made here that it is expected that an attempt will be made to send methods be taken to prevent such importations. He says the whole question of prison made goods is being much discussed in the German press since in the British Parliament a desire has been expressed to exclude from importation all German goods of prison origin. Mr. Stephan expresses the belief that a great many prison-made goods are sent to England from Germany and to the United States as well.

Three Torpedo Bonts to Be Built. WASHINGTON, June 7.-Circulars will be issued by the Navy Department in the construction of three torpedo boats authorized by the last Congress. The plans for the boats have been completed. The minimum speed must be not less than expected from the amount of steam power to be supplied that this limit will be surpassed by perhaps two knots. The new boats will be of 180 tons burden, 170 feet ong and seventeen feet broad. This is ten feet longer and one foot broader than the boats last contracted for with the Columbian iron works of Baltimore. They will have triple expansion engines and three boilers, giving 3,200 horse power. For their construction Congress has appropriated \$175,000 each, but as \$25,000 must be retained in the case of each boat for its equipment with torpedo tubes and ordnance, the limit of the available appropriation is

only \$150,000 each Changes in Drill Regulations. WASHINGTON, June 7 .- General Ruger, since his arrival in Washington, has been devoting his entire time to work on the drill regulations and the manual of arms, making the movements suitable for the new gun which has been adopted for the use of the army. It has been found that the important changes made in the regulations necessitate generally a revision of the phraseology of the entire tactics, so that a large percentage of the changes are verbal. It is expected that the National Guard will adopt the regby the War Department. The guns used by the army and the National Guard are different but it is expected that the regulations can be adapted to the use of the latter without material changes.

Civil-Service Examiners Busy. WASHNGTON, June 7.-The examiners of

the Civil-service Commission are very busy just now. There are about two thousand sets of examination papers of all kinds in the office to be marked, while from five to six thousand more are expected in a few days from the examinations held for clerks and carriers all over the country. The office force consists of thirty examiners, but a number of these have to be assigned to other work from time to time, causing de-lays in finishing the papers. The full force can mark from eight hundred to one thoumarked up before Aug. 1.

Movements of War Ships.

WASHINGTON, June 7.- The San Franciso has sailed from Southampton for Copenhagen and the Marblehead from the same port for Hamburg, en route for Kiel. The Machias has sailed from Che-Foo for Port Arthur, and the Baltimore from Nagasaki for Kobe. The Atlanta has sailed from Fort Monroe for New London to take part in the ceremonies to be held there on the 18th inst. by the army of the Potomac. Admiral Kirkland has decided to remain aboard the San Francisco, which will consequently continue to be the flagship of North Atlantic fleet, and the New York will not, as was contemplated, have that

Income Tax to Be Refunded. WASHINGTON, June 7 .- Blanks are prenared at the Treasury Department for use

refund will be made under Section 3229 of the Revised Statutes, which authorizes the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, on appeal, to refund all taxes erroneously or illegally collected. Few claims have as yet been filed, probably because the claimants have been waiting for official information on the subject. Every dollar of the inpersons from whom the collections were

Good Thrower and Runner Run Away. WASHINGTON, June 7 .- Philip Pratt and Victor Beitte, two Indian youths, one an Apache and the other an Arapahoe, arrived at the Indian Office to-day, fugutives from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa. some time ago they ran away from a farmer and, on returning to the school, were sent to the guard house. When released they came here and asked to be sent back to their reservations. Instead they will be returned to the school under guard. Their Indian names are Mietah, or 'the runner," and Niatoh, or "the good

Thanks from China's Emperor. WASHINTON, June 7 .- The Chinese minthem effective crews. Last year Secretary ister, in company with acting Secretary of by 150 Pinkertons, who would resist.

tary of legation and interpreter, waited in person on the President this afternoon and presented to him a letter from the Emperor of China, thanking him in graceful terms for the kindly offices exercised by the United States in behalf of the restoration of peace between China and Japan. The imperial communication was in the Chinese language, handsomely incased in royal yellow silk.

Retirements and Promotions.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- The President has approved the recommendation of naval board and ordered the retirement of Medical Director and Lieutenant Commander Carmody. The following officers whave been promoted: Lieutenant Commander Maney, Lieutenant Blocklinger, Passed Assistant Engineer Ransom, Assistant Pay-master Reynolds, Surgeons Drennan and Ayres and Assistant Paymaster Kerr.

Yellow Fever at Vera Cruz. WASHINGTON, June 7 .- An official report received by the Surgeon-general of the hospital confirms the report of yellow fever at Vera Cruz, Mexico, and says there were four deaths in that city from the disease during the last week of May. Pension Office Clerks Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, June 7.-Ninety-nine dismissals of employes of the Pension Office were made to-day, to take effect June 30. The reductions were in keeping with the provisions of the legislative appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1895-96.

McDonald Denied a Pardon.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- The President denied the application for pardon of George M. McDonald, convicted in Illinois of mail-United States navy, for a writ of manda- tenced Dec. 1, 1893, to eleven months' im-

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- Messrs. C. Himebaugh and James P. E. Cowan, special examiners of the Pension Bureau, both located at Indianapolis, are visiting Washington on leave of absence. Special Examiner N. W. Halley, of Tipton, who is on duty in the Pension Office in this

city, leaves for his home on a two weeks' leave of absence shortly. Application of E. Chapman, the broker who declined to answer the questions of the Senate committee investigating the The forts were quickly silenced. According Sugar Trust, for a writ prohibiting the District Court from trying him was denied the Court of Appeals to-day. The day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash bal-Miss Abigail Dodge is slightly restless but otherwise her condition remains about the same. Representative Hitt's condition is unchanged.

THE STANFORD SUIT.

Judge McKissick's Argument in Behalf of the Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7 .- Judge McKissick, special counsel for the government, Leland Stanford estate, to-day, in United States Circuit Court. He endeavored to demonstrate that the debt which was created under the act of Congress of contended. He showed that each stockentered into a contract with the government, and as a result certain liabilities were created. The railroad had accepted the land grants and agreed to pay exacted the railroad's pledge that it would maintain the road in good condition, transa certain percentage of the dividends in tured. Counsel argued that Congress had imposed a personal liability. The government was not dealing with an inanimate body, like a corporation, but with the stockholders themse'ves.

GUILTY OF EXTORTION.

Ex-Police Inspector McLaughlin, of New York, Convicted.

Inspector McLaughlin, on trial before Justice Barrett, charged with extortion, was given to the jury at 11:50 to-night. During the evening session of the court District At- | sada is the moving spirit of the present tion and Justice Barrett charged the jury. The defense took sixty-six exceptions to the of guilty of extortion. Colonel James, the lefendant's attorney, moved for a new trial June 17, at 10 o'clock. Colonel James also addlow-street jail instead of the Tombs prison. Justice Barrett refused this motion.
The charge against McLaughlin was the extortion of money from Francis W. Seacity ordinance by constructing sidewalks in paid for protection. Justice Barrett, in his charge, said the mass of evidence put in by the prosecution has been given to prove that a criminal association existed between McLaughlin and Sergeant Burns a number

HARD TO KILL.

Bolt of Lightning Passes Through Farmer's Body, and He May Live.

CAREY, O., June 7 .- During the storm of Tuesday night George Passett, a farmer residing eight miles south of here, was sitting on his front porch reading when he was suddenly startled by a flash, and a bolt of electricity passed through his foot, tearing his shoe off and burning the flesh badly. The current also passed through his body, and from his body to the earth, tearing a hole in the ground two feet in diameter. A current also passed through the house, very badly shattering it and shocking the inmates into insensibility. Mr. Passett was picked up unconscious, and for several hours it was thought sand papers a week, but at the best, the he would die, but he finally showed signs recent postoffice examinations cannot all be of returning life. He will probably re-

"SAT" FOR TWO PICTURES. Artist Whipple Painting a Portrait

of Ex-President Harrison. NEW YORK, June 7 .- The Morning Advertiser to-morrow will say: "It has become known that ex-President Harrison gave sittings for his portrait to two different artists during his stay in the city. Besides posing for Eastman Johnson he also "sat" for Charles Ayer Whipple, whose studio is in the Sherwood Building. The picture, when finished, is to grace the ex-President's Indianapolis home. The picture represents

Mr. Harrison in the act of delivering his recent speech at Carnegie Music Hall." General Harrison En Route Home. PHILADELPHIA, June 7 .- General Harrison left Philadelphia, homeward bound, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon via the Pennsylvania. He will proceed to Indianapolis without stop and is due in that city at 12:45 p. m. to-morrow. The ex-President says he will return East in August when. along with his daughter, Mrs. McKee, and her two children, he will go to the Adirondacks for the remainder of the summer. According to Mr. Wanamaker. none of General Harrison's visitors were politicians or men interested in politics.

Devery Must Be Reinstated. NEW YORK, June 7 .- Judge Prior, in the Court of Common Pleas, has granted an order to police captain Wm. S. Devery to compel the police board to reinstate him in his position on the force. This is the result of the decision of the court of general term that Devery's trial in his absence was in defiance of constitutional

800 Cattle Men on the Warpath. WOLCOTT, Col., June 7.-Advices have been received by courier from Hayden to the effect that on June 5 eight hundred armed cattle men started for the Elkhead intain country with the intention of driving the sheep men out. It was rumored that the sheep herders were accompanied

NATIVES OF FORMOSA ARE SUBMITA TING TO THE JAPANESE.

Millions of Dollars' Worth of Prop erty Carried Away During the

Bombardment of Taiphfu.

SPANISH GUNBOATS ALERT

CRUISING OFF THE FLORIDA COAST IN SEARCH OF FILIBUSTERS.

Troublesome African Tribesmen Punished by German Troops-Great Loss of Life by Floods in Germany.

HONG KONG, June 7 .- Advices from Formosa indicate that chaos is rapidly giving way to order now that the Japanese troops have reached Talphfu and established headquarters at that point. The natives of Formosa are submitting readily to the rule of the Japanese. The Japanese losses during the military movements in occupying the island amount to only eight men, The Chinese carried away millions of dollars' worth of property from the Chinese fortifications during the firing which followed the detention of the steamer of exwho was making an effort to escape from the island. Seven were killed and seventeen wounded on the steamer as a result of the firing. The German gunboat Iltis replied to the bombardment from the fortifications on the Formosa shore and the to all reports thirteen natives were killed by the cannonade of the Iltis.

Protest Against a Russian Scheme. LONDON, June 7 .- The Standard, in an editorial leader, enters a strong protest against Russia being allowed any portion of the Chinese territory in return for the guarantee of a loan to the Chinese government.

HUNTING FOR FILIBUSTERS.

Spanish Gunboat Cruising Off the Const of Florida.

FERNANDINA, Fla., June 7.-Captain Lassere, of the pilot boat Frances Elizabeth. has just arrived, and reports sighting yesmade his argument in the suit against the terday afternoon a Spanish gunboat cruisthe ing about six miles off the shore. The gunboat was steaming rapidly from the south. The captain of the pilot boat concluded she wanted a pilot, and made toward her, but her course. Considerable excitement was not a condition, as the Stanford counsel | created here by the pilot captain's story, as it was not before believed that Spain considered the Florida and south Georgia coast of sufficient importance in respect to filibusters to be patrolled by a gunboat. Captain Johnson, of the schooner Greenleaf, from New York, arrived here to-day, and substantiated the story told by Captain Lassere. Captain Johnson says that when he crossed the bar at 8 this morning the gunboat was cruising slowly four miles off the bar, apparently on the lookout. The gunboat answers the description of the Palos. The secret Cuban council finished for the present its business to-day and departed None of the party would deny or affirm the report that they were awaiting the arrival of Jose Marti, who is said to be en route

Merely a Ruse.

here now.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- The report from Florida as to the dispatching of three torpedo boats with a Cuban revolutionary party is thought by Spanish officials here to be a ruse to divert attention from movements at other points. It is stated that the NEW YORK, June 7 .- The case of Police | torpedo boats could make but a feeble showing against the large fleet of Spanish cruisers and gunboats now patrolling Cuban waters. It is said that Gen. Rafael Queoperations and that he is now at Abita Springs. Florida dispatches mention a Gonzalo De Quesada as one of a revolutionary board meeting at Ocean Beach, Fla. This General Quesada is a former secretary to Jose Marti. The latter's death is now conceded by revolutionary leaders, according to

advices received here. Department officials do not attach any importance to the statement of the London against the United States based on the precedent of the Alabama claims for permitting arms and ships to leave the United that no definite information of this aid has yet been given and that whenever it is given the United States will use every available means to suppress the traffic. In this connection official attention has been directed to the open carrying of the flag of the Cuban revolution by armed bands in the streets of Tampa, Fla.

One Thousand Riles Wanted.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 7 .- Gonzalo Quesada, secretary of the Cuban party, re-When questioned about the report that he was planning for a fillbustering expedition from somewhere on the Florida coast he laughed and replied that he thought it would be better not to say too much for publica-A Cuban who is closely connected with him in the work said the expedition would not start for several weeks. Quesada addressed the Cuban cigar makers at the El Moreto factory to-day. Among other things, he said he wanted 1,000 ritles within the next month. He asked the cigar makers at the factory to furnish one hundred of them, which they agreed to do. He aroused great enthusiasm. Carlos M. Cespedes also spoke. Colonel Collazo and his son have returned to Tampa, and Quesada and Cespe-

Campos Does Not Need Aid. HAVANA, June 7 .- General Martinez de Campos has telegraphed the government at Madrid stating that he does not need at the present time a lieutenant general to help him. It was proposed by the Spanish Cabinet recently to send him an assistant, but he says that his health is splendid, and that he will not need additional help of this character. The rebels burned a coffee plantation near the village of Dos Palmas and two stores in Canto Abajo In Calicito the government troops sustained for hours the fire from a band of

des followed them to-night

five wounded and seven were taken prison-At the Point of the Bayonet.

insurgents commanded by Reitor. The

government forces lost one dead and two

wounded. Three of the rebels were killed

MADRID, June 7 .- A dispatch from Cuba announces several additional conflicts between the insurgents and government troops. A large band of rebels surrounded a mill at Tranquilidad. The building was stoutly defended by an officer and twentyfive men. After fierce fighting the garrison made a sortie and charged on the rebeis. who were defeated by the government forces at the point of the bayonet. Four of the rebels were kitted, while a number were wounded. Four Spanish soldiers were killed and only a small number

wounded. 100 PEOPLE MISSING.

est Cloud Burst Increasing. STUTTGART, June 7 .- It is officially announced that the fatalities which resulted from the cloudburst on Weinesday evening. June 5, over the Wurtemburg portion of the Black Forest, amount to fifty. At Ralingen alone thirty houses were demolished by the rise of the waters of the river Eyach, and There was another cloudburst last even-

Fatalities Caused by the Black For-

many other buildings were damaged. ing over the same district, and the Eyach valley was again flooded. The damage done on this occasion is not known. The Rema valley was also visited by a waterspout. and there have been heavy thunderstorms throughout the southern portion of Wur-